

# GERMAN ARMIES ON RIGHT WING REPORTED DEFEATED AND THEIR ATTACK BROKEN

**Allies Gain Ground All Along Battle Line, While Teuton Forces Are Said To Be Moving With Difficulty On Account of Exhaustion and Poor Food**

PARIS, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—Official announcements last night indicate that the German armies on the right wing have been defeated in their desperate effort to check the continuous advance of the Allies, which is gradually folding that wing back on the rear of the German main army.

The Germans concentrated a heavy force near Roye, where a terrific action was fought, extending away to the northward.

## GERMAN ATTACK HAS BEEN BROKEN

The German attack has been broken and the Allies have made some progress between Roye and Lassigny, driving back the wedge which the Germans have attempted to force through their line. Further progress against the Germans has been made north of Somme along the front between Albert and the Somme river.

## FRENCH FORCES PREVENT ADVANCE

On the extreme left wing of the French forces one detachment from Arras, the fortified capital of the Department of Pas de Calais, has fallen back slightly to the east and north of that city to prevent any further German advance in that direction.

The bridge by which the Germans attempted to cross the river Meuse near St. Mihiel was destroyed yesterday by our artillery. In the Woëvre district our offensive operations are progressing slowly and steadily. Along other portions of the line there is not much activity.

# RUSSIANS CHECK GERMAN FORCE

LONDON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—According to official advices which have reached the Russian embassy at Rome, the German attempt to invade Russian Poland has been a complete and a disastrous failure.

In the western provinces of Lodz and Suwalki, on the German frontier, the Germans are reported to have suffered a terrible defeat.

## TWENTY THOUSAND PRISONERS TAKEN

The Russians report the capture of 20,000 prisoners. They say the Germans lost 30,000 men killed, and that great numbers of guns and transport wagons were abandoned by the defeated troops.

Earlier dispatches from Petrograd say the Russian general staff announced that the reinforced Russian armies were defeating the attempted German invasion of Poland.

## GERMANS MOVE WITH DIFFICULTY

The Germans were reported to lack mobility and to be moving with difficulty through a country hard to traverse. The artillery and transport columns were said to be easily mired in the country roads, and obliged to confine their march to the few improved highways.

The object of the Germans to divert the attention of the Russians from the field of their conquests in Galicia having failed it is now probable that the most important battle of the campaign will be fought near Cracow.

## BATTLE NEAR CRACOW OPENS

The combined Austrian and German armies are now trying to crush the advance of the enormous Russian army in Galicia, and the battle near Cracow has already begun.

General Von Hindenberg, the German commander in East Prussia, has been placed in supreme command of the German and Austrian armies at Cracow.

LONDON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—Advices last night indicate that there will be more hard fighting in France before either side gives way.

The heaviest fighting is now progressing in the western area with the Allies gaining some advantage. The reports that the French troops have actually reached Arras are confirmed.

The German force which fought its way through to Roye has been defeated and the ground retaken by the Allied armies.

# CONSULATE AT RHEIMS TEXTILE FACTORIES IS WRECKED BY SHELL WILL KEEP RUNNING

RHEIMS, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—The American consulate was wrecked by a shell during the violent bombardment of this city Wednesday. United States Consul Barden, with his wife, daughter and son, had been living in a wine-cellar underground for the past fortnight for fear of a bombardment.

# GERMANS LOSE TWO AUXILIARY CRUISERS

LONDON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—Lloyd's has received an official notification from Bordeaux that the German auxiliary cruisers Rhios and Molo have been sunk by a French gunboat.

# GERMAN CRUISER WRECKS FANNING CABLE STATION

(From Saturday Advertiser.)

UNCOTTON, dynamite and axes, ruthlessly handled by officers and men of the German cruiser Nürnberg on September 7, practically demolished the British cable station on Fanning Island which is used to relay messages from British Columbia to Australasia.

Through the courtesy of Capt. E. L. Tindall, of the steamer Kestrel, which arrived from Fanning Island yesterday, The Advertiser is able to furnish to its readers the first and only authentic story of what actually occurred when this important cable station in the mid-Pacific was destroyed and the whole Australasian cable service paralyzed.

## GERMANS SEIZE STATION

Captain Tindall received instructions from London, from the British Cable Board, on September 17, to take a full cargo of supplies to Fanning Island and to ascertain, if possible, the status of conditions at Fanning. The last word received from the station was on September 7, when a brief message was flashed to Bamfield, B. C., and Suva, Fiji, stating that a German war vessel was off the harbor and that a landing party had seized the station. A few seconds later communication with Fanning Island ceased.

## VOYAGE WAS HAZARDOUS

Under these conditions the voyage of the Kestrel was a hazardous one, for when the little vessel left here on September 19, two days after she got instructions

to sail, Captain Tindall did not know whether the island was occupied by hostile forces or whether a cruiser was stationed there. As Captain Tindall is the proud possessor of several medals presented to him by the Japanese emperor for distinguished service during the Russo-Japanese war, as a blockade runner, with a picked crew, who well knew the danger they were running into, the little steamer left this port on September 19 on her dangerous errand.

## CAPTAIN TINDALL'S STORY

Captain Tindall tells the story of the trip, his arrival in Fanning Island and the conditions that he found there in the following manner:

"We arrived off the north end of Fanning Island at daybreak on the morning of the twenty-fifth of September. I gave orders to the chief engineer to bank the fire so that no smoke would be visible. At a sheltered point on this section of the island the presence of a vessel's masts can be seen across the island above the low atolls. We crept up cautiously and from the machined of the Kestrel we swept the surrounding waters for the presence of a war vessel and found none. I then proceeded around the island to the harbor entrance. We noted a ship's boat with a crew, who were apparently grappling for the broken cable.

"DESTRUCTION OF THE CREW. "We were greeted upon our arrival by Superintendent A. Smith and his staff and our welcome was a genuine one. The devastation caused by the Germans was apparent before we landed and the evidence of the free use of dynamite and gunpowder could be seen many yards from shore. The landing buoy, to which vessels have made fast, was even demolished. It was reported that this has been missed to make it useless for vessels to use as a mooring.

"Although none of the residents of Fanning Island suffered any personal injury from the German landing force the feeling against the British government in not giving this important station better naval protection is quite marked. "While the people of Fanning were expecting the presence of a German cruiser for about three weeks, no one really thought that the Germans would make the attempt to seize the island, especially as the British government knew the whereabouts of the Nürnberg and the Leipzig. "The women of the station were very suspicious, however, and at times they were even nervous. They had a man on the lookout for two weeks and on the morning of September 7 two vessels, which afterwards proved to be the Nürnberg and a collier, were sighted.

"News to this effect was immediately wired to Bamfield and to Suva. Both vessels were flying the French flag and so were the Fanning Islanders that these were friendly vessels that preparations were made to launch a boat from shore and show them to an anchorage. They had hardly gotten started on their friendly mission when two boats loaded with German officers and marines put off from the Nürnberg and came in full speed to the shore.

"COLONY ORDERED TO SURRENDER. "They did not even wait for the boats to ground on the beach, but jumped out into the water with deep and with fixed bayonets and drawn revolvers commanded the surprised little gathering of Fanning Islanders to surrender. They rushed on shore and mounted a Maxim gun which was trained on the cable headquarters. In the meantime the Nürnberg kept her guns in position to protect the landing party. Marines were posted all around the station while officers and sailors armed with rifles made their way to the office building.

"The cable employees were hard at work here and were paralyzed to see a German officer at the door of the operating room with a cocked revolver in his hands. "Take your hands off those keys, all of you," he commanded. "All but one of the operators complied, not having heard the command. "Not until one of his companions shouted to him, did he realize his position.

"DELICATE INSTRUMENTS SMASHED. "The men were then made to line up against the wall while sailors with axes smashed the delicate and valuable instruments. Four recorders two Huertley magnifiers, besides automatic transmitters, batteries and accumulators, all were given over to the axe. A good deal of valuable mechanism was left intact, which shows that their knowledge of cable instruments was somewhat crude.

"A cable message was posted conspicuously in the office which stated that the Leipzig or Nürnberg are due any day. A German officer in command of the men raw told us, with a smile said, 'Rather interesting, don't you know, I'll take this as a souvenir,' and pocketed the ominous message. "CABLE BLOWN TO ATOMS. "Another party was engaged near the shore end of the cable in an attempt to locate it and failing in this, heavy charges of dynamite were planted and the cable blown to atoms. In the meantime, a crew from the collier were engaged in grappling for the cable further out to sea with the intention of doing further damage. Still another party were engaged in planting dynamite and gunpowder in the engine room, the boiler room, the electric lighting and refrigerating plant and in the dynamo room. The explosion from these charges were terrific but fortunately no one was hurt. A search was then made of the office and a number of valuable papers were taken.

"BURGLAR SAFE OF \$3000. "These were taken aboard the Nürnberg and a few hours later an officer returned and hastily summoned a detachment of men. It seems that these papers revealed the fact that several valuable instruments were buried on the island, that there was a quantity of arms and ammunition buried and that there was \$3000 in the office safe. The latter was blown open and the money taken. The officer in charge of this section of the expedition apologized for this act and said that this was the first time in his life that he had acted the part of a burglar, but unfortunately these are the fortunes of war. The instruments were blown up and the guns and ammunition seized. "Through all of this devastation the courtesy extended by these German officers was most marked. They expressed themselves as being greatly surprised that no armed resistance was offered as they had every reason to believe that Great Britain had taken the precaution to defend this important outpost.

"WORK WITH PERVERISH HASTE. "The officers and men worked with a feverish haste and seemed anxious to get away. The property of the employees were left unattended nor were any of their personal belongings touched.

"A little humor was interjected into the occasion when one of the German sailors 'borrowed' a saw from one of the cable employees and felled a giant flag pole, at the truck of which flew a British flag. The pole was cut into sections and the saw and the flag taken aboard the Nürnberg as souvenirs.

"The officers of the Nürnberg seemed to have a complete knowledge of what was going on in the outside world and seemed to be in possession of as much information as those who had been in daily cable communication with the mainland. The collier was carefully disguised and there was no sign about her anywhere which would reveal her identity. She is of the three island type and is of about 2200 tons register. She had a complete grappling outfit aboard and her men seemed to be experts in this line of work.

"STREAM TOWARDS MARSHALL ISLANDS. "The Germans completed their work in about twelve hours and steamed away, west, southwest, in the direction of the Marshall Islands. "When we left Fanning Island on September 27, concluded Captain Tindall, the cable, connecting Suva with Fanning, had been repaired and communication re-established. It was expected that the section connecting Bamfield would be repaired within a few weeks.

"There were twenty-six white men, four white women and 200 natives on Fanning Island. The Greig coconut plantation on the north end of the island was unharmed. It is estimated that the damage done to the cable station at Fanning Island will amount to over \$150,000.

MRS. ALDRICH REACHES COAST FROM EUROPE. SAN FRANCISCO, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—Mrs. M. C. Aldrich and her son Arnold arrived here yesterday from Dresden, Germany. They are en route to Honolulu and will leave on the next steamer.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. PARIS & ELI LILLY CO., St. Louis, Mo.

# GERMAN CRUISERS BOMBARD PAPEETE AND LAY IT WASTE

PAPEETE, October 3.—(Associated Press by Commercial Pacific Cable).—It was announced by the minister of marine yesterday that the German armored cruisers Scheerhorn and Gneisenau on September 22 bombarded the French town of Papeete, the capital of Tahiti, half destroying the settlement. The dismantled gunboat Zelee which was lying in the harbor, was sunk by the German shells. After the bombardment the two cruisers put to sea.

Papeete Poorly Garrisoned. The bombardment of Papeete took place just two days before the German business men of the place, who had been expelled by the French authorities, reached Honolulu. The French residents had an organized home guard, strengthened by the ninety sailors and marines who made up the crew of the little gunboat Zelee, and the galls of the Zelee had been mounted upon automobiles. It is doubtful if this force was able to do anything in defense of the town, as there is no indication that the Germans attempted a landing.

Lying in the Papeete harbor was the German freighter Walkure, which had been captured by the Zelee. The crew being held ashore, it is doubtful, also, if she was rescued. The two German cruisers are sister ships, of 11,600 tons, with a speed of twenty-two and a half knots. Each is armed with eight 8.2-inch guns and six 6-inch guns. Each carries a crew of 655 men.

These cruisers were a part of the German Asiatic fleet, which at one time were thought to be penned up in the harbor at Kiaocheu and which, at another time, in an unconfirmed report, were said to have been towed into Hongkong in a badly battered condition.

The Zelee is a small and old gunboat, of 600 tons, carrying 95 men and armed with two 4-inch guns.

The population of Papeete, as given in the Statesman's Year Book, is 3617, of whom half are French.

SUBSTITUTE HARBOR MEASURE IS PASSED. WASHINGTON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—President Wilson signed the substitute rivers and harbors bill which had passed both houses. This bill provides for the appropriation of \$20,000,000 this year in a general fund to be expended by the Secretary of War in his discretion.

COMPROMISE REJECTED ON THE PHILIPPINES. WASHINGTON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—In the house of representatives yesterday the Democrats rejected the proposal for the neutralization of the Philippine Islands, declaring their party would recognize the independence of the Philippines when that people were able to govern themselves.

OFFICER TRANSFERRED TO HONOLULU STATION. SAN FRANCISCO, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—Captain Alden C. Knowles, formerly of the Infantry, at El Paso, Texas, has been transferred to the Second Infantry at Honolulu and ordered to join his regiment, according to announcement from the war department yesterday.

VALPARAISO, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—It is now known that the German cruiser Leipzig, on her way south, overhauled and sank the British tanker Elsinore, off Central America. The Elsinore was a vessel of 4169 tons, plying between Port San Luis and Guatemala, under charter to the Union Oil Company.

ANTWERP, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—Trustworthy advices report the impending withdrawal of the Germans from Brussels.

They are said to be packing up their civilian documents and sending their families back to Germany.

The German general staff is reported to have left Luxembourg for Mainz.

LONDON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—Reports from Antwerp indicate that the German attack has failed so far. The German artillery has apparently failed to pierce the outer fortifications of the city and the infantry assault was easily repulsed.

NAGO, October 3.—(Associated Press by Commercial Cable).—General Mayforena has notified the commander of the American cavalry troops patrolling the border that he would attack Nago at daybreak today.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—As a result of the operation of the new law providing for the transfer of foreign ships to American registry, fifty-four ships with a total tonnage of 250,000, and valued at \$15,000,000, have been added to the American merchant marine to date.

Robert Hind of Punahoa, was seriously injured Monday, September 28, at his ranch in North Kohala. The horse that he was riding caught one foot in an old rut and fell, throwing Mr. Hind against the pommel and bringing on an old hernia. His cowboys improvised a stretcher and carried the injured rancher about five miles to the house. Dr. H. L. Ross, who was called to attend the patient, reported that Mr. Hind was resting easily at the time the Mauna Loa left Kailua.

# HAWAIIAN BONDS ARE NOT WANTED IN WALL STREET

(From Saturday Advertiser.) All New York bids for Hawaiian bonds were rejected yesterday by Governor Pinkham, and D. Lloyd Conkling, territorial treasurer, was ordered to return immediately to Honolulu. The order was superfluous, however, for in his message to the Governor, received yesterday, Conkling imparted the information that he was "leaving today." He is expected here by the steamer Makaloa, due on October 12.

According to the message received by the Governor from Conkling, there were submitted in New York bids for only \$55,000 of the proposed bond issue of \$750,000. Of the five bids submitted, only one investor offered to take up the bonds at ninety-eight, the other four bids being lower and going down as low as seventy. The territorial bonding act does not permit of the sale of bonds under ninety-eight.

Gloom at Capitol. There was gloom about the Capitol after the receipt of the news of the unsuccessful attempt to float the loan in New York. The only rift in the dark cloud was the fact that local bidders have undertaken to take up bonds to the amount of \$60,800 at par. This sum will not go far in carrying out the improvements which were planned, the tentative apportionment calling for practically the whole \$750,000, of which \$603,580 was for wharf and harbor improvements.

The war situation in Europe and the incidental unsettling of the money markets of the whole world, including that of New York, come in for blame for the failure to float the loan.

This is the first time since the organization of the Territory that such a condition of affairs has existed. Territorial bonds have always, until this time, commanded more than par and have been readily and greedily taken up by the great money investors in the East.

No Faith in Democrats. On the other hand the fact that the Territory is, for the first time, under a Democratic administration is, according to wisecracks, one of the reasons for the loss of interest by Eastern capitalists in Hawaiian government securities. None of the money concerns of standing in New York and other Eastern marts were bidders for the present issue. These bidders for the \$750,000 worth of bonds were lesser lights and unknown here as factors in matters of this nature.

Attention has been called to the fact that local investors failed to enthrone over the creation of the "baby class" of bonds, which, on the initiative of the Governor, were being offered at \$500 denomination, as well as the medium class of the denomination of \$500. It was expected that most of the \$150,000 bonds of the \$100 class would be taken up in Honolulu and the rest of the Territory. Instead of that, bids for only eight such bonds were opened at the territorial treasury here on Thursday.

The \$500 denomination fared a trifle better, as bids for \$20,000 worth were made.

Local Money May Enlist. Since the necessity for the proposed public improvements is so imperative, it is believed that local capitalists will come to the rescue of the Territory at this time and subscribe for the \$200,000 worth of \$500's and the \$150,000 worth of the \$100's. Unless this is done but little will be accomplished with the \$60,800 subscribed in Honolulu, the \$55,000 subscribed in New York being out of the question and having been already rejected.

The apportionment tentatively made by the Governor recently for the expenditure of the expected \$750,000 was as follows:

Territorial prison, Honolulu, \$74,000; county items, \$9481.79; and wharves and harbor improvements throughout the Territory, \$663,580, the latter being made up as follows: Honolulu, \$479,189; Hilo, \$134,000; Hilo wharf approach, \$24,000; and Kauai, \$2,600. In the county appropriation the Hilo wharves were to get \$7300 and Maui, for school buildings, \$2181.79.

They Rush Business to Accommodate Mayor and Do Some Frenzied "Retrenching". (From Saturday Advertiser.)

A regular weekly meeting of the board of supervisors was held at the city hall last night, but owing to Mayor Fern's being anxious to accompany the Ad Club to Walluku, many important measures were laid on the table, to be taken up at a later date.

After the Republican county committee had been granted permission to use Aiea Park for political purposes on the night of October 10 and 11, the board did a little retrenching.

O. K. Stillman and Dan Woodward's names were stricken from the payroll as city employees, topping \$300 from the same. Charles Girdler was handed the job of Woodward at a salary of \$150, while S. K. Onaka's salary was raised from \$100 to \$125, while H. Bishaw received an advance of \$20 over his salary of \$80. D. K. Hoapili will continue to draw the same salary as heretofore.

Supervisor McCallan followed this with a request for \$400 for new desks for several of the schools, but Supervisor Petrie opposed the request and it was referred to the ways and means committee. Likewise was a request for two additional school rooms to the Kaneohe School.

A request from Harry Murray that he be allowed to run the new dance hall in Aiea Park and pay twenty-five per cent of his revenue to the city was put over for another week.

At the next meeting of the board a resolution is to be introduced compelling real estate men to fix all sidewalks and roads in front of property they may have for sale, especially in the outlying districts, from which comes considerable complaint regarding the condition of the thoroughfares.

When a Honolulu citizen comes to the front, telling his friends and neighbors of his experience, you can rely on his sincerity. Home endorsement is the kind of testimony that backs Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. Such a statement is convincing. Investigation proves it true. Below are the words of a Honolulu resident. No stronger proof of merit can be had.

James C. L. Armstrong, Nuuanu Valley, Honolulu, Hawaii, says: "I am a sufferer from kidney trouble for three years, and Doan's Backache Kidney Pills completely cured me. I have had no return attack of the complaint since, and consequently I cannot recommend this remedy too highly."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes \$2.50), or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Holliester Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

# CHINA PROTESTS AGAINST JAPAN ENTERING CITY

TOKIO, October 2.—(Special by Cable to the Nippo Jiji).—The Chinese government yesterday sent a formal protest to Japan against the occupancy of Yee-Ken, the small railroad town fifty miles from Taingtan on the Shan-tung Peninsula now occupied by Japanese troops.

Immediate evacuation of this point by the Japanese was demanded by the Chinese note, to which the Japanese returned a firm refusal.

Yee-Ken in War Zone. The Japanese maintain that Yee-Ken is within the war zone, and that the possession of this point is necessary in their campaign against Taingtan.

Following the Japanese refusal to leave the disputed territory, Chinese troops stationed in the vicinity became discontented and destroyed a portion of the railroad north of Yee-Ken. This is taken to indicate that Japan will have trouble with China as a result of refusing to withdraw the troops from this town.

Yuan Takes Action. Advice received here yesterday says that General Chang Hsin, the Chinese commander at Nanking, was called to Peking by President Yuan Shih-kai for a conference. There are two reasons advanced here for his move. One is that General Hsin will be sent into the field to quell the rising rebellion against the Chinese government. The other is that General Hsin will be placed in charge of military operations directed against the Japanese in the Shan-tung Peninsula.

WITHDRAWAL MOVEMENT OF TROOPS IS DELAYED. WASHINGTON, October 3.—(Associated Press by Marconi Wireless).—It was announced at the state department yesterday that the forces at Vera Cruz will not be withdrawn before the eleventh of this month. It is believed, however, that although the withdrawal movement will begin about that date, a majority of the troops and marines at Vera Cruz will remain until order is restored in the republic.

FOUR WAR NURSES Allotted To Hawaii and Two Volunteer FOR FIELD SERVICE. Letters have been received here telling of the need of trained nurses at the scene of war. One of these letters is from a woman deeply interested in, and a most generous giver to, local charities.

The letters are from Red Cross officials, who are authorized to appeal for trained nurses, who are, they say, badly needed to care for the wounded, irrespective of nationality.

New York has sent a hundred or more; Australia has sent as many; Canada has sent scores, and Japan has made an offer.

The call has been sent to Hawaii to supply four or, if possible, more. Two nurses have already volunteered, and these and others will be sent at the earliest opportunity, if sufficient money can be raised to pay their traveling expenses. Those who are sent will go to the front on arrival in London.

It may be asked why not send the money instead of paying the passage of workers from here? The answer is that it is nurses who are needed. Thousands of women in many countries have volunteered to go, but only trained women are useful. If wounded men can have prompt attention and care, lives will be saved and there will be fewer widows and orphans to take care of later on.

The great need in for trained nurses, and Hawaii has an opportunity to send four or more.

Miss Mary Getton is acting as treasurer for the fund. She wants at least a thousand dollars as soon as possible.

The offering at the service of intercession for peace and good will in St. Andrew's Cathedral tomorrow evening at seven-thirty will be given to help send those who volunteer to the front at the earliest possible date.

Words From Home. Statements That May Be Investigated.—Testimony of Honolulu Citizens.

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